

BRITONS PUSH STEADILY ON IN BIG DRIVE ON CAMBRAI

Further Gains Are Made and Positions Taken Consolidated in Continuance of Great Offensive Against Huns

GENERAL BYNG GIVEN WARRANTED RECOGNITION

Italians Still Hold Larger Austro-Hungarian Forces Back and Inflict Terrible Losses On Attackers At Each Repulse.

NEW YORK, November 24.—(Associated Press)—Successful operations continued yesterday generally west of Cambrai. The heaviest fighting of the British drive occurred at Fontaine de Notre Dame, which was retaken at the point of the bayonet in a furious counter and has since been held and at Canting which was captured and a number of guns were taken. More prisoners were taken at both of these positions. Work of consolidation of gains continued at all points along the great front.

In the vicinity of Passchendaele the Germans materially increased the volume of their artillery fire until it approached a heavy barrage.

GERMAN CLAIMS

Berlin official reports told of the retaking by the Germans of Fontaine de Notre Dame but did not mention its second fall to the British and claimed the British had been driven from La Folie woods. These reports said British activity was directed toward Meuvres. It was claimed that British attacks on Rumilly, Banteux and Ventenil collapsed and the attackers were repulsed with losses.

BYNG PROMOTED

In recognition of the distinguished services which he has rendered in this engagement, where he was in command under General Haig, of the forces of the British engaged in the great battle, Major-General Byng was yesterday promoted to full generalship.

On the Italian front the fighting was heaviest about Monte Mellata where an encircling movement was checked by the Italians. Berlin claimed favorable progress.

REPORT PROPOSALS FOR PEACE COMING

Stockholm Advice Are That Central Powers Are Sending Offer To Petrograd

STOCKHOLM, November 23.—(Associated Press)—The newspaper Tidningen reports that a Russian diplomat has left here for Petrograd carrying proposals from the Teutonic powers for peace. The proposals are directed toward the Russian revolutionary government.

Lenine, head of the new Bolshevik regime in Russia, has issued a proclamation calling for a reduction of all the Russian armies, beginning with that class conscripted from the 1899 lists, according to Petrograd reports.

HEALTH CONDITIONS IN CAMPS IMPROVE

Ninety-six Deaths Total Given For Last Week

WASHINGTON, November 24.—(Associated Press)—Ninety-six deaths occurred last week in the various army camps, the war department reported yesterday.

Health conditions are greatly improved, the report continued, and the condition of the men in training is better than at any time since mobilization commenced.

NORWAY'S LOSSES BY SUBMARINES PROVE ENORMOUS

Two Volumes of Eight Thousand Printed Pages Are Required To Tell What Hun Ruthlessness Did To Supposed Friend

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, November 24.—(Associated Press)—The Storting recently passed a bill instructing the government to publish a "White Book" with reports of Norwegian ships lost through German warfare and quoting the testimony given before naval courts.

The book has just appeared in two volumes and gives information up to July 1, 1917, recording that a total of 586 vessels of 855,657 tons together with 625 sailors have been lost. These numbers have been increased by losses during July, August and September, making the total, 620 vessels of 1,020,000 tons with 715 sailors known to have perished while the fate of 15 more is uncertain.

Norway's merchant marine on October 1, 1917, consisted of 3265 vessels of 1,130,209 tons.

Many Attractions Told

The records contained in 8000 pages of the two volumes of the White Book show plainly to what atrocities the Norwegian sailors have been subjected by German U-boat commanders. From September, 1916, five months before the unlimited U-boat warfare was officially declared by Germany, this was being practiced against Norwegian vessels. Although the great majority of the lost vessels are proved to have been sunk by U-boats, 76 vessels of 129,000 tons are known to have been destroyed by German submarines when 306 sailors lost their lives.

In one column is a record of boats intended to be sunk without trace, according to Count Laxburg's prescription, as no U-boats were seen, while in other cases the record shows that the U-boats kept ships and lifeboats under a rapid gunfire killing crews already in the boats. The book tells of seven ships captured by the German U-boat officers as having been sunk but no member of their crew has returned to tell of the act. Only the official German report suggests their fate.

Several Norwegian vessels have disappeared entirely during the war and the White Book is unable to give any information concerning them.

No Warning Given

Thirteen Norwegian ships bound for European ports from Argentina have been torpedoed without warning. Of these two contained wheat for suffering Belgium and four were bound to Scandinavian neutral ports.

The war of extermination of Norwegian vessels still goes on but recently with rather less effect thanks to preventive measures and because the number of vessels in these waters has decreased.

The Norwegian papers state that proceedings against German spies in Norway and the heavy penalties inflicted have to a great extent diminished the loss of vessels leaving Norwegian ports. Heretofore these spies had reported the movements of ships to German U-boats keeping watch along the Norwegian coast for their prey.

The press unanimously urges every Norwegian to get the White Book and study it in order to learn what Germany has done and the treatment of a nation toward which the channels of belief said Germany only harbored the most friendly feelings. The newspaper also requests the government to publish the book in English and German.

NO WORD EXPECTED FROM RESCUE SHIP UNTIL RETURN HERE

No word was received yesterday from the rescue ship which was sent out Wednesday night to attempt to locate the second boat load of shipwrecked sailors from the foundered Norwegian steamer Thor, nor is it probable that any word will be received from her until she puts back into port. The fuel capacity of the vessel dispatched to the rescue of the seamen is said to be sufficient to permit her to remain out about eight days, and unless she is successful in her search before that length of time has elapsed, it is felt that little hope can be entertained for their safety, unless by chance they were picked up by a passing Oriental vessel.

The first vessel to arrive here since the storm broke which is supposed to have caused the Norwegian steamer to founder was a Japanese freighter which put in here yesterday in distress.

She was following the Great Circle route and changed her course as a matter of precaution after entering the storm belt when the severity of it was determined. The master of the freighter said that the storm was believed to be one of the worst ever experienced in the North Pacific.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

When you have a bad cold you want a remedy that will not only give relief, but effect a prompt and permanent cure, a remedy that is pleasant to take, a remedy that contains nothing injurious. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all these requirements. It acts on Nature's plan, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretory and restores the system to a healthy condition. This remedy has a world wide sale and use, and can always be depended upon. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd. Agts. for Hawaii.—Advertisement.

RUSSIA AGAINST PEACE ALONE ASSERTS TROTSKY

Workmen's and Soldiers' Council Wants Armistice of All and Peace For All Warring Nations, Says Statement Issued

PETROGRAD, November 24.—(Associated Press)—In a public statement issued late yesterday afternoon, Trotsky declared that the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council does not favor but is absolutely against a separate peace with the Central Powers. He believes that the course outlined by Russia will be followed by the proletariat of all other warring nations and that peace will be the result to come from it.

In his statement Trotsky again outlined the policy of the present Russian government as representing the wishes of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council and said that included in the program was the abolition of all secret diplomacy and the informing of the public of important negotiations as they progressed, an immediate armistice for all of the warring powers and not for Russia alone, during which peace terms could be arranged in a constituent assembly to be held in Paris, and state control of all industries.

ADMIRAL CAPPS OUT OF SHIP BUILDING

Resignation Accepted With Regret and Place Not Filled

WASHINGTON, November 24.—(Associated Press)—The President has accepted with regret the resignation of Admiral Capps who with Bainbridge Colby has headed the ship construction board, Colby being the civilian and Capps the naval member.

Homor Ferguson, a Newport, Rhode Island shipbuilder, was asked to succeed Capps as the constructive member of the board, but declined.

FORMER GOVERNOR PEABODY IS DEAD

DENVER, November 24.—(Associated Press)—Former Governor James Hamilton Peabody died in Cripple Creek at three o'clock yesterday afternoon after a brief illness.

Former Governor Peabody was sixty-five years old, and came to Colorado from Vermont. He was a bookkeeper, merchant and then a banker since 1885. He was elected Governor in 1902 and served two years. He ran for reelection but his Democratic opponent was elected. A contest followed and Governor Peabody won but held office only one day when he resigned to turn the office over to the lieutenant governor.

He has a daughter who is now in Honolulu where she accompanied her husband on a business trip from which they have been expected to soon return.

JECH BROWN ESTATE IS AGAIN IN COURT

Mrs. Mary Jarrett Files Suit Against Administrator

Assigns in connection with the estate of Cecil Brown, who died leaving property worth \$236,225.24, as stated in the inventory, are again brought into court a suit filed yesterday by Mrs. Mary Jarrett against the administrator, Heinrich Martens von Holt who is the chief beneficiary.

Under one of the terms of the will Mrs. Jarrett, who was Brown's daughter, was to receive \$100 a month and Miss Irene Dickson was to receive \$120 a month during their lives, from the estate.

In her petition Mrs. Jarrett alleges she has not received \$100 a month or any other sum and she asserts that the administrator has entered a "secret agreement" with Miss Irene Dickson under which he is paying her a large sum monthly, said to be \$300 a month.

The suit was brought into court some time ago when Miss Dickson sought to contest the will on the ground that Brown was mentally unable to execute it at the time it was drawn. This litigation was closed when a compromise was effected. The terms of the compromise were not made public.

Mrs. Jarrett says also that she has been unable to obtain from the administrator an accounting or a report as to the assets of the estate although she has repeatedly asked for it.

The estate includes securities valued at \$154,559; cash, \$35,675, and realty, \$45,480.

MUSIC BOYS TO GO

It was thought at first that the local singing boys whom Miss Muriel Starr agreed to appear in Australia in the new "Bird of Paradise" company, could be unable to depart for the Antipodes owing to the difficulty in obtaining passports, but W. D. Adams, local impresario, has satisfactorily arranged with the Australian government for them to depart by the next out-going steamer, a cable reply to his message having been received last night.

LOAN PACT SIGNED

TOKIO, November 23.—(Associated Press)—According to information received here from Peking the agreement relating to the Chinese-American Canal loan for \$60,000,000 has been signed.

MESSAGE OF HOUSE CARRIES JOY TO FRENCH NATION

Head of American Commission Assures French All Resources of United States Will Be Devoted To Winning of War

PARIS, November 24.—(Associated Press)—The public press of France welcomed with enthusiasm the commission from the United States headed by Colonel House and dwells at length upon the message which he delivered yesterday. They describe it as an open and visible evidence of the earnestness with which the United States has entered the war, its determination to be an active and efficient ally and its certainty to be the deciding factor in the success of the allied forces.

Willard and Whitlock conferred with Colonel House.

PARIS, November 23.—(Associated Press)—Millions of men from the United States will be poured into Europe until Germany is defeated, should the need demand it. This was the assurance given today by the American war mission to the French republic.

Col. E. M. House of Texas, head of the mission, and the other members arrived in Paris today, having made what is said to be the quickest trip from London to the French capital achieved since the war began.

Col. House brought a message of hope and assistance, which was immediately made public and has called forth tremendous enthusiasm. His message said in part:

"We bring to the French republic a message of encouragement from millions of Americans mobilizing in the military fields, in the factories, in the farms, in the homes, in the streets, in the workshops, in the shadows and in the light of the sun. We want an assurance of permanent peace, and the tramp of soldiers will be increasingly heard on the soil of France until that is achieved. Our President and our country see the issue clearly. France may confidently count on every resource of the United States."

No time is being lost by the American war mission in exchanging views with the French. Colonel House today spent an hour with Premier Clemenceau and the entire commission met Ambassador Sharp. There will be daily consultations between the French officials and American visitors.

GOOD MANGOES CAN BE HAD FOR POOR

U. S. Station Will Graft Trees of Poorer Varieties With Rare Cions At Little Expense

Would you like to have those common mango trees in your yard bearing fruits of the choicest East Indian varieties? If the trees are in a vigorous condition it is quite possible to have them top-grafted, to bring about this result.

Many of the best kinds of mangoes in the world have been tested in Honolulu and some of the best have been found to be highly successful here. In order to make these unprofitable trees useful in the production of good fruit the U. S. Experiment Station has arranged for a short time to have a man graft such trees as are suitable for the purpose for those who desire to have them done.

The expense involved in this work for most trees will be at the rate of fifty cents for each cion or graft that grows with a minimum charge of \$2.50. This is to cover cost of inspection, the grafts and caring for them until they have started to grow. Collection will be made at the time of grafting for half of the buds inserted.

The Experiment Station donates the cions of the best varieties. The owner is expected to water the trees to maintain vigorous growth and to provide the necessary labor to assist in cutting back the trees in preparation for grafting. Bearing trees will probably require from five to twenty cions, according to size.

It will be necessary to confine this work to places that are easily accessible because of the necessity of making several trips to grafting to the cions. Requests for grafting should be made by letter addressed to the U. S. Experiment Station, stating the exact address of the applicant, the exact location of the trees and the number of trees being considered for grafting. It will be well to submit a diagram of the yard with the location of the trees in the yard clearly indicated.

These requests will be listed and will be given attention at the earliest possible date. The graft operator will visit the trees and will determine whether the trees are suitable for grafting and whether they are in proper condition of flush. Because the Experiment Station can arrange for only a limited amount of this work to be done, requests should be made early.

BRAVE SAILORS ARE NOT TO BE DECORATED

WASHINGTON, November 23.—(Associated Press)—Secretary Daniels has declined the offer of the British admiralty to decorate the officers and men of two American destroyers for their services in combating the submarines of the Germans. He points out that United States law prevents military or naval men of the United States from receiving decorations at the hands of foreigners.

EVADERS OF DRAFT WILL BE SENT HOME

Canada and United States Enter Agreement Whereby Those Wanted For Military Service By Either Will Be Deported

OTTAWA, Canada, November 24.—(Associated Press)—Canada will now call all of its subjects who are resident in the United States to military service and the United States will do the same with citizens eligible for the selective draft who are residents of Canada.

Under the agreement which has been entered upon the two countries will deport one to another on the demands of each other those for whom the two countries may serve requisitions.

There are many citizens of Canada now resident in the United States and its possessions that Canada has been unable to reach and when the new conscription becomes operative and effective it will make possible for Canada to call to the colors hundreds whom it would have been impossible otherwise to secure.

For the United States it is even more important for there are large numbers of evaders of registration and of the draft itself who crossed the line and sought refuge in the Dominion. These will now be sent back to their home country and put within reach of the law.

Thanksgiving Spirit Same In America More Than Century Ago

Letter of Revolutionary Times Tells of Sacrifices Willingly Made For the Cause of Democracy, Just As They Are Made Today

The Thanksgiving spirit of 1779 and 1917 should not be very different, for there is a similarity of conditions, even though America is in no such case as was in those dark days of the Revolution. Through our hardships are not as great, our spirit should be the same in this modern time of war. Sacrifices of personal ease and indulgence should be gladly made for the sake of our men across the water.

A reminder of what the Thanksgiving day of 1779 meant to America is given in an extract from a letter written by Juliana Smith to her "dear Cousin Betty." They had none of the luxuries which were even then traditional for Thanksgiving, and were even unable to obtain beef, but they made the best of what they had at hand with a cheerful grace which should not be forgotten in the Thanksgiving Day of 1917.

"Everything was good," says Miss Juliana, "though we did have to do without some things that ought to be had. Neither Love nor I (paper) Money could buy Raisins, but our good cherries, dried, without the pits, did almost as well."

"Of course we could have no roast beef. None of us have tasted beef this three years back as it all must go to the Army and too little there get, poor fellows. But, Naynuty-may's Hunter were able to get us a fine red deer, so we had a good haunch of Venison on each table."

OLD-TIME CAPTAIN AGAIN CALLS HERE

Andy Carter On Manchuria When She Struck At Makapuu

Capt. A. E. Carter, familiarly known as "Cap' Andy," and well known in every part of the Pacific, where he has sailed for the past twenty years, is now chief officer of the Costa Rica, a small freighter, which has been on the Central American run for a number of years and now engaged in trade between the United States and the Orient.

Carter was recently in the city and spent some time in renewing old acquaintances. The last previous time he was in Honolulu was in 1906 as sixth officer of the Manchuria which went on her rocks at Makapuu Point. He first sailed at the islands in 1895, sailing in and out of here for several years of that time that have helped to make history in the islands.

Captain Carter has been in the Atlantic for the past year, but says the Pacific is good enough for him. While at this time there is scarcely a dull moment in Eastern waters, he says his friends are here and after spending many years in this ocean, it is pretty hard to make a permanent change at his age.

JUDGE M'KAY SUSTAINED

A decision in favor of District Magistrate W. A. McKay of the district of Waikiki, Maui, was handed down by Circuit Judge Kemp in the \$15,000 damage suit brought against the magistrate by E. Atakuska who alleged he had been falsely imprisoned. Atakuska was arrested and tried in the magistrate's court May 7, 1916. After he had been sentenced his attorney discovered that no plea had been entered in the record of the case. Later when the case was appealed the magistrate discovered that the plea had been left out of the record and he ordered his clerk to add it. In his decision Judge Kemp states that he is unable to see that the plaintiff was damaged.

BRAHMIN TELLS OF CONSPIRACY PLANS

First Witness For Prosecution In Case Against Rodiek and Others On Stand All Day

SAN FRANCISCO, November 23.—(Associated Press)—Sukumar Chatterji, a Brahmin of Bengal was the first witness called by the prosecution in the case against the alleged conspirators to violate the neutrality of the United States by inciting a rebellion in India. He remained in the witness stand during the whole of the day's session.

It was the purpose of the prosecution to bring out the fact that there existed a conspiracy and to connect up Rodiek with it. The witness testified to making a trip from San Francisco to Bangkok, told of receiving a letter in Manila but did not connect up the German consul at that city or Swatow, China. He failed to identify consular officers.

Implicates Rodiek

He also testified that George Paul Rodiek, one of those under federal indictment, was active in the conspiracy work at Manila, and that when he was short of funds, he was supplied through the consul-general at Chicago. Details of his journey from the United States to foment rebellion in India were told. Chatterji testified that he had journeyed from San Francisco to Bangkok and, to prevent detection, swallowed two letters he was carrying. He said that he met the German consul at Amoy, China.

HOLSTEIN QUALIFIES AS ADMINISTRATOR

Will At Once Prepare Inventory of Queen's Estate

H. Lincoln Holstein, speaker of the house of representatives of the legislature, appointed by Circuit Judge Ashford temporary administrator of the estate of Queen Liliuokalani, assumed his duties yesterday after presenting the bond of \$25,000 fixed by the court. The surety in the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.

After letters as temporary administrator had been issued, Speaker Holstein said that he will begin his duties at once and one of his first actions will be to prepare an inventory of all of the personal effects and other property which has been held under the control of Col. Curtis P. Inoué.

One of the pieces of evidence introduced in the recent proceedings, a slip of paper purporting to bear the Queen's signature, was asked for yesterday by attorneys who represented John P. Colburn in the fight for temporary administration. The court declined to surrender it to them.

Speaker Holstein will hold his post in control of the estate until the permanent administrator is appointed. This appointment will be an outcome of the main trial of the cases in connection with the estate, which will start before Judge Ashford December 21 next.

IRISH AGITATOR IS UNDER INDICTMENT

NEW YORK, November 23.—(Associated Press)—Jeremiah O'Leary, Irish agitator and publisher, was indicted today by a federal grand jury charged with violation of the provisions of the espionage act and of the postal laws.

O'Leary has figured in many episodes as an opponent of the United States government since the war broke out and he has been under various charges of complicity with German agents and sympathizers. At one time he endeavored to enlist Irish and Irish-Americans in his activities.

Some of the Irish-American organizations have formally repudiated O'Leary and his associates.

Just a Bundle of Nerves?



Nervousness and nerve pains often come from weak kidneys. Many a person who worries over trifles and is troubled with neuralgia, rheumatic pain and backache, would find quick relief through a good kidney remedy. If you have nervous attacks, with head aches, backaches, dizzy spells and sharp, shooting pains, try Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. They are for the relief of weak kidneys and have brought quick benefit in thousands of such cases.

"When Your Back Is Lame—Remember the Name." Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and take no other. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., or Benson-Smith & Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands. (Advertisement)

ROUGH HOUSE HAS RAGE RIOT ASPECT

Desire of Filipinos To See Picture Show Gratis Is Cause of Disturbance At Camp

What at first looked a little like a race riot at Camp Liliuokalani on Thursday night turned out to be more of a rough and tumble affair caused by a party of Filipinos of the Second Regiment, who desired without paying admission to see a motion picture show conducted by the Japanese company of the guard. They tore down the cloth walls and started a little fight.

Investigation showed, it is said, that the little brown men were insistent on seeing the show and when they essayed to make holes in the cloth and thus get ten cents worth of view for nothing they met with the guard. The latter, believing they were about to face serious trouble, attached their bayonets to the rifles and drove the Filipinos back. One was said to have been "notched" with a bayonet slightly, and a few were placed under guard.

During the remainder of the night the guards were increased and were maintained yesterday. Last evening precautions were taken so that there would be no misunderstanding during the night.

MUHLENDORF ESTATE IS TIED UP BY WAR

German Legates Must Wait Until Peace Comes

Heirs of the late Paul Muhlenhoff, who died here November 16 last, and who left an estate valued at more than a quarter of a million, will have to wait until the war ends before they may receive any portion of the property, as all of them live in Berlin.

The Bishop Trust company, appointed as executor in the will, yesterday applied in the circuit court to have it admitted to probate and in answer to the petition, Circuit Judge Ashford fixed December 28 as the date of the hearing.

One of the terms of the will directs that the income from the estate be paid over to the heirs in Berlin quarterly. While probably the trust company will be formally appointed administrator, it will be impossible to comply with this particular provision of the will as a federal law forbids, and under the same law the property will be conserved and cared for by the federal government pending the end of the war.

Under the will a number of comparatively small bequests are made to individuals and institutions. Among these are: The Salvation Army Girls' Home, Leahi Home, German Benevolent Mission, and Associated Charities, each of which is bequeathed \$500 in cash. James Jaeger received an emerald tie pin; Anita Alejantry Pocke, a pink pearl pin; Herman Pocke, a ruby pin; George Rodiek, a sapphire pin and William Laus a set of pearl studs.

The bulk of the estate goes to four sisters and a brother in Berlin. These are Doris Muhlenhoff, Hel Muhlenhoff, Marie Simon, Hanna Meyer and Georg Muhlenhoff. Each is to receive one-sixth. Three nephews and a niece, also of Berlin receive the other one-sixth or one twenty-fourth each.

The great bulk of the assets are of liquid nature and include shares of stock, bonds and cash amounting about \$250,000. The estate also includes about \$5000 worth of realty.

OPIUM SOLD OPENLY IN SAN FRANCISCO

Opium is being peddled openly on the streets of San Francisco, Dan Julian, steward on the Maui, told George S. Curry, United States Commissioner, yesterday when he and Domingo Ursua, also of the Maui, were taken into custody for having opium in their possession, according to Marshal J. J. Smiddy.

Both men pleaded guilty before Commissioner Curry and are being held in the Oahu prison pending an investigation of the case by the territorial grand jury. When arrested Julian had one can of opium in his possession and Ursua had four.

In the preliminary hearing before Commissioner Curry yesterday morning, Julian said he bought the can of opium for \$60 from a Chinese in one of the busiest thoroughfares in San Francisco. He also said that no difficulty was experienced in purchasing opium in San Francisco as it was being sold openly on the streets.

Ursua told the commissioner that he had obtained his four tins of opium in Chinatown, San Francisco.

GERMANY PAVES WAY TO BREAK BAD NEWS

AMSTERDAM, November 24.—(Associated Press)—Germany is evidently expecting the early fall of Jerusalem before the advancing British forces. There is evidence of this in the newspaper articles that are now appearing and which are evidently designed to pave the way for the breaking of the news that must be regarded as one of the greatest disasters to the future commercial hopes of Germany that has overtaken the country during the war. Jerusalem has entered largely into the calculations of Germany in plans for the Oriental railroad to Bagdad.